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COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA AND ITS  
OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF,  
DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION, AND  
SANTA CLARA VALLEY HEALTH AND  
HOSPITAL SYSTEM; LAURIE SMITH;  
EDWARD FLORES; TOBY WONG; KIM  
ROBERTS; ROBERT SILLEN; MARYANN  
BARRY; DENISE BECKER; CHRISTINE  
FERRY; BEVERLY PURDY; AMARJIT  
GREWAL; NANCY MAGER; and HERBIE  
DE LA CRUZ

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
(San Jose Division)

ESTHER KRENN, on behalf of herself )  
and on behalf of her deceased son, LUIS )  
ANDREW MARTINEZ, )  
Plaintiffs, )  
v. )  
COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA et. al., )  
Defendants. )

No. C07-2295 JW

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER**

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer

blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

## 2. DEFINITIONS

2.1 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).

2.2 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

2.3 "Confidential" Information or Items: information (regardless of how generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards developed under F.R.Civ.P. 26(c).

2.4 "Highly Confidential - Attorneys' Eyes Only" Information or Items: extremely sensitive "Confidential Information or Items" whose disclosure to another Party or nonparty would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

2.5 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

2.6 Producing Party: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this action.

2.7. Designating Party: a Party or non-party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential- Attorneys' Eyes Only."

2.8 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential - Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

2.9 Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are retained to represent or advise a Party in this action.

2.10 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a Party.

2.11 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well as their support staffs).

2.12 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party’s and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party’s. This definition includes a professional jury or trial consultant retained in connection with this litigation.

2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations; organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.

### 3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.

### 4. DURATION

Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs.

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1           5.       DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

2                   5.1       Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

3       Each Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order  
 4       must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the  
 5       appropriate standards. A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only  
 6       those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify - so  
 7       that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is  
 8       not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

9           Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are  
 10       shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to  
 11       unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary  
 12       expenses and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

13           If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it  
 14       designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of  
 15       protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it  
 16       is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

17                   5.2       Manner and Timing; of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in  
 18       this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or  
 19       ordered, material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated  
 20       before the material is disclosed or produced.

21           Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

22                   (a)   for information in documentaw form (apart from transcripts of  
 23       depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend  
 24       "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" at the top  
 25       of each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a  
 26       page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected  
 27       portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each  
 28       portion, the level of protection being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY

CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY").

A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY") at the top of each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY").

(b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and further specify any portions of the testimony that qualify as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on the record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 20 days to identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the level of protection being asserted ("CONFIDENTIAL," or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"). Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for protection within the 20 days shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such page the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” as instructed by the Party or nonparty offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” If only portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portions, specifying whether they qualify as “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential - Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential - Attorneys’ Eyes Only” does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s right to secure protection under this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential - Attorneys’ Eyes Only” after the material was initially produced, the Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

## 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 Timing; of Challenges. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating Party’s confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not

1 sufficient) with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must  
 2 explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give  
 3 the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the  
 4 circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen  
 5 designation. A challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if  
 6 it has engaged in this meet and confer process first.

7       6.3     Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality  
 8 designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file and  
 9 serve a motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if  
 10 applicable) that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the  
 11 challenge. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that  
 12 the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding  
 13 paragraph and that sets forth with specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation  
 14 that was given by the Designating Party in the meet and confer dialogue.

15             The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the  
 16 Designating Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the  
 17 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's  
 18 designation.

## 19       7.     ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

20             7.1     Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is  
 21 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for  
 22 prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be  
 23 disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order.  
 24 When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of  
 25 section 11, below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

26             Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a  
 27 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized  
 28 under this Order.

1                   7.2     Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless  
 2 otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving  
 3 Party may disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:

4                   (a)    the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of record in this action, as  
 5 well as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the  
 6 information for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective  
 7 Order” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

8                   (b)    the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of  
 9 the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have  
 10 signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

11                  (c)    experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom  
 12 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be  
 13 Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

14                  (d)    the Court and its personnel;

15                  (e)    court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom  
 16 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be  
 17 Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

18                  (f)    during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure  
 19 is reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order”  
 20 (Exhibit A). Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal  
 21 Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to  
 22 anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

23                  (g)    the author of the document or the original source of the information.

24                   7.3     Disclosure of “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES  
 25 ONLY” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by  
 26 the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated  
 27 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” only to:

28                  (a)    the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of record in this action, as



1 well as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the  
 2 information for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective  
 3 Order” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

4 (b) Experts (as defined in this Order) (1) to whom disclosure is  
 5 reasonably necessary for this litigation, (2) who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by  
 6 Protective Order” (Exhibit A), and (3) as to whom the procedures set forth in paragraph 7.4,  
 7 below, have been followed;

8 (c) the Court and its personnel;

9 (d) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom  
 10 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be  
 11 Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A); and

12 (e) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

13 7.4 Procedures for Approving Disclosure of “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -ATTORNEYS’  
 14 EYES ONLY” Information or Items to “Experts”

15 (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed in writing by the  
 16 Designating Party, a Party that seeks to disclose to an “Expert” (as defined in this Order) any  
 17 information or item that has been designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’  
 18 EYES ONLY” first must make a written request to the Designating Party that (1) identifies the  
 19 specific HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL information that the Receiving Party seeks permission to  
 20 disclose to the Expert, (2) sets forth the full name of the Expert and the city and state of his or  
 21 her primary residence, (3) attaches a copy of the Expert’s current resume, (4) identifies the  
 22 Expert’s current employer(s), (5) identifies each person or entity from whom the Expert has  
 23 received compensation for work in his or her areas of expertise or to whom the expert has  
 24 provided professional services at any time during the preceding five years, and (6) identifies (by  
 25 name and number of the case, filing date, and location of court) any litigation in connection  
 26 with which the Expert has provided any professional services during the preceding five years.

27 (b) A Party that makes a request and provides the information specified  
 28 in the preceding paragraph may disclose the subject Protected Material to the identified Expert

1 unless, within seven court days of delivering the request, the Party receives a written objection  
 2 from the Designating Party. Any such objection must set forth in detail the grounds on which it  
 3 is based.

4 (c) A Party that receives a timely written objection must meet and  
 5 confer with the Designating Party (through direct voice to voice dialogue) to try to resolve the  
 6 matter by agreement. If no agreement is reached, the Party seeking to make the disclosure to  
 7 the Expert may file a motion as provided in Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil  
 8 Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) seeking permission from the court to do so. Any such motion  
 9 must describe the circumstances with specificity, set forth in detail the reasons for which the  
 10 disclosure to the Expert is reasonably necessary, assess the risk of harm that the disclosure  
 11 would entail and suggest any additional means that might be used to reduce that risk. In  
 12 addition, any such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration in which the  
 13 movant describes the parties' efforts to resolve the matter by agreement (i.e., the extent and the  
 14 content of the meet and confer discussions) and sets forth the reasons advanced by the  
 15 Designating Party for its refusal to approve the disclosure.

16 In any such proceeding the Party opposing disclosure to the Expert shall  
 17 bear the burden of proving that the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail (under the  
 18 safeguards proposed) outweighs the Receiving Party's need to disclose the Protected Material to  
 19 its Expert.

20 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN  
 21 OTHER LITIGATION.

22 If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation  
 23 that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as  
 24 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the  
 25 Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax, if possible)  
 26 immediately and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order.  
 27 Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

28 The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the

1 subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the  
 2 subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must  
 3 deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that  
 4 caused the subpoena or order to issue.

5 The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence  
 6 of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to  
 7 protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The  
 8 Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of  
 9 its confidential material - and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or  
 10 encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

11 9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

12 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected  
 13 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective  
 14 Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the  
 15 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material,  
 16 (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms  
 17 of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and  
 18 Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

19 10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL. Without written permission from the  
 20 Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a  
 21 Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks  
 22 to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

23 11. FINAL DISPOSITION. Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the  
 24 Producing Party, within sixty days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving  
 25 Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, “all  
 26 Protected Material” includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of  
 27 reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. With permission in writing from the  
 28 Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the Protected Material

1 instead of returning it. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving  
 2 Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or  
 3 entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where  
 4 appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the  
 5 Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms  
 6 of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision,  
 7 Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal  
 8 memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Protected  
 9 Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject  
 10 to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION), above.

11 12. MISCELLANEOUS

12 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any  
 13 person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

14 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this  
 15 Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or  
 16 producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective  
 17 Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of  
 18 the material covered by this Protective Order.

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1 I hereby attest that I have on file all holograph signatures for any signatures indicated by a  
2 “conformed” signature ( /S/ ) within this e-filed document.

3 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

4 ANN MILLER RAVEL  
5 County Counsel

6 Dated: August 15, 2008

7 By: /S/  
8 GREGORY J. SEBASTINELLI  
9 Deputy County Counsel

10 Attorneys for County Defendants

11 Dated: August 15, 2008

12 By: /S/  
13 GERI LYNN GREEN, ESQ.

14 Attorney for Plaintiffs

15 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION IT IS SO ORDERED:

16  
17 Dated: 8/26/08

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19 United State District Court Judge  
20 Magistrate  
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**EXHIBIT A****ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND**

I, \_\_\_\_\_, [print or type full name], of \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on [date] in the case of **[insert formal name of the case and the number and initials assigned to it by the court]**. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name] of \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State where sworn and signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Printed name: \_\_\_\_\_  
[printed name]

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
[signature]